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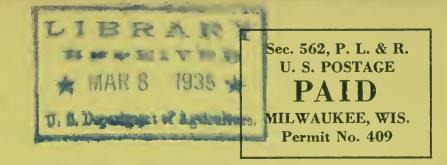
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#### KELLOGG SEED COMPANY

P. O. Box 684 MILWAUKEE, WISCONSIN

Return Postage Guaranteed





MARKET QUOTATIONS
PLEASE RUSH

M.R. Newman, Reference Librar Bureau of Plant Industry, U.: Washington, D.C.



## RAINBO BRAND SEED CORN

GROWN	
	Per Bu.
Golden Glow or Wisconsin No. 12	1.85
Wisconsin No. 7	1.85
Wisconsin No. 8	1.85
Minnesota No. 13	1.85
Early Murdock	1.85
Pride of the North	1.85
Reid's Yellow Dent	1.80
Improved Leaming	1.80
Iowa Gold Mine	1.80

DENT VARIETIES, NEBRASKA

#### FODDER CORN

	Per Bu.
Red Cob, Fancy Quality	1.50
Leaming Fodder, Iowa Grown	1.25
Pride Fodder, Iowa Grown	1.25
Eureka Fodder, Virginia Grown	2.65

#### SWEET CORN

			Per	100 lbs.
Golden	Bantam,	Minnesota	Grown	15.00
Golden	Bantam,	Wisconsin	Grown	17.00
Stowell'	s Evergre	en		21.00

#### WISCONSIN GROWN

Wisconsin	No.	12	3.00
Wisconsin	No.	8	3.00
Wisconsin	No.	7	3.00
Early Mur	dock		3.25
Dodge (	or Te	fferson County Grown	

#### **MINNESOTA GROWN**

Minnesota	No.	13	2.00
Wisconsin	No.	12	2.00
Wisconsin	No.	7	2.00

#### WISCONSIN GROWN HYBRID

WIDGOTIDAY OROWIN INTENTION	•
Wisconsin Hybrid No. 571	5.50
Wisconsin Hybrid No. 520	5.50
Maturities Similar to Regular Golden	Glow.
Packed in one and one-half Bushel	
Sealed Bags.	

## NORTHERN WISCONSIN GROWN DENT VARIETIES

Northern Grown Golden Glow	rei bu.
(Grown in Shawano County)	3.00
Cold Resistant Golden Glow (Grown in Shawano County)	3.25
Wisconsin No. 25 (Grown in Shawano County)So	ld Out

#### WISCONSIN GROWN

	Per Bu.
Cold Resistant Golden Glow	3.00
Golden Glow or Wisconsin No. 12	3.00
Silver King or Wisconsin No. 7	3.00
Wisconsin No. 8	3.25
Early Murdock	3.25
Wisconsin No. 25	<b>4.0</b> 0
Northwestern Dent	4.25
Minnesota No. 13	3 <b>.0</b> 0
Grown by Jacques.	

#### FLINT CORN (Wisconsin Grown)

		Per Bu.
Spangler's	Smut Nose Flint	3.75
Spangler's	Sanfords White Flint	3.75

COTTON GRAIN BAGS —	ROYAL RIVER, per bale of 10	00 <b>\$30.00</b>
	Used Bags, Good Quality, per 10	00 24.00

Per Bu.

#### **CRO-TOX**

Crow and Bird Repellent. Protects Seed Corn and Grains from Loss of Seed After Planting. Eight Ounces of Cro-Tox Will Treat One Bushel of Corn.

8 oz. Size @ \$4.30 Per Dozen
16 oz. Size @ \$7.20 Per Dozen
1 Qt. Size @ \$10.80 Per Dozen

The old formula Ceresan may be exchanged for New Improved Ceresan under certain conditions. Dealers having old Ceresan on hand are invited to write to us for details. The Exchange Privilege expires March 15th.

Return your old Rainbo and Nitragin Inoculation now, to be exchanged for new.



#### SEED DISINFECTANTS

#### TREAT SEED GRAIN

#### It Improves Yield and Quality

It provides good insurance against losses from certain diseases and unless the grower is sure that his seed is not contaminated, treatment should be given to all seed wheat, oats, and barley. Seed treatment is recommended by State and Federal Agricultural Authorities.

Improved Ceresan is the best treatment for wheat, oats, and barley.

#### NEW IMPROVED CERESAN

A DUST DISINFECTANT FOR WHEAT, OATS, BARLEY AND OTHER CEREALS

	Retail		
	Price Per	Dealer	Packages
Packages	Package	Price	Per Case
1-lb. tin	\$ .75	\$ 6.00 per doz.	2 doz.
5-lb. "	3.00	25.00 " "	3/2 "

#### NEW IMPROVED SEMESAN IR.

A DUST DISINFECTANT FOR SEED CORN.

Sizes of Packages	Retail Price Per Package	Dealer Price	Packages Per Case
4-oz. tin	\$ .50	\$ 4.00 per doz.	3 doz.
1-lb. "	1.50	12.00 " "	2 "
5-lb. "	7.00	56.00 " "	1/2 "
25-lb. pail	28.75	23.00 per pkg.	1 only

#### **NEW IMPROVED SEMESAN BEL**

AN INSTANTANEOUS DIP DISINFECTANT FOR SEED POTATOES.

Sizes of Packages	Retail Price Per Package	Dealer Price	Packages Per Case
4-oz. tin 1-lb. "	\$ .50 1.75	\$ 4.00 per doz.	3 doz.
5-1b. "	8.00	64.00 " "	3/2 "
25-lb. pail	31.25	25.00 per pkg.	1 only
100-lb. drum 300-lb. "	120.00	96.00 " " 276.00 " "	1 1 11

#### **SEMESAN**

A GENERAL DISINFECTANT FOR VEGETABLE AND FLOWER SEEDS OR BULBS, AND CERTAIN PLANT DISEASES.

Sizes of Packages	Retail Price Per Package	Dealer Price	Packages Per Case
2-oz. tin 1-lb. "	\$ .50 2.50	\$ 4.00 per dog.	3 doz.
5-lb. "	11.75	94.00 " "	35 "
25-lb. pail	46.25	37.00 per pkg.	1 only
100-lb. drum	180.00	144.00 " "	1 "
300-lb. "	525.00	420.00 " "	

#### **NU-GREEN**

A GRASS DISINFECTANT FOR BROWN-PATCH PREVENTION AND CONTROL.

Sizes of Packages	Retail Price Per Package	Dealer Price	Packages Per Case
3-oz. tin	\$ .50	\$ 4.00 per doz.	3 doz.
1-lb. "	1.75	14.00 " "	
5-lb. "	8.00	64.00 " "	1 only
25-lb. pail	30.00	24.00 per pkg.	



## KELLOGG SEED COMPANY

Phone BRoadway 4160 P.O.Box 684 322 E. FLORIDA STREET MILWAUKEE, WISCONSIN



Distributors

#### MENOMINEE PRODUCE COMPANY

Menominee, Michigan

Quotations Are Subject to Market Changes.

Today's Values F. O. B. Milwaukee, Wisconsin

Terms: Net Cash

March 1, 1935

Kellogg Seed Company Gives No Warranty, Express or Implied, as to Description, Quality, Productiveness or Any Other Matter of Any Seed it Sells, and Will Not Be Responsible for the Crop.

	Kellogg Seed Company Gives No	W at
	COMMON ALFALFA All United States Verified Origin	
I	KANSAS Per 100 lbs.  RAINBO\$21.00	
	IDAHO RAINBO 28.50	7
l	MONTANA RAINBO	
۱	WISCONSIN	
١	RAINBO 30.00  Mountain 29.00	
١	CANADIAN VARIEGATED RAINBO	
ı	COSSACK ALFALFA State Sealed and Certified	
	RAINBO, Blue Tag	
	GRIMM ALFALFA	'
	State Sealed and Certified BLACKFOOT BRAND	
	Blue Tag	
ı	SWEET CLOVER	
Ī	WHITE BLOSSOM Per 100 lbs.	
ı	RAINBO 10.00 Mountain 9.75	
	YELLOW BLOSSOM RAINBO	
ł	GRUNDY COUNTY	
ľ	RAINBO 10.25	
I	ALBOTREA RAINBO 12.00	
ı	IIUBAM	-
	RAINBO	
ı	MILWAUKEE	
ı	MILORGANITF	
	IDEAL TURF FERTILIZER	
	Per Ton   100 lb. Burlap Sacks	
	Less Dealer's Discount 10%. Special Prices for Car Lots.	

TIMOTHY	SEED GRAINS
Per 100 lbs	RAINBO BRAND
RAINBO 22.75	CODESIO SWITTE ATC
Mountain 22.50	SPRING WHEAT Per Bu. Marquis 1.50
TIMOTHY AND ALSIKE	Progress 1.45
About 15% Alsike 24.00	Kubanka 1.75
About 25% Alsike 24.75	SPRING RYE
About 50% Alsike 26.00	Wisconsin Grown
MEDIUM RED CLOVER	OATS
(Northern Grown)	Swedish Type
RAINBO 25,50	White Kherson
Mountain 25,00	BARLEY
	Oderbrucker, 6 Rowed 1.50
MEDIUM RED CLOVER (Special) 98% Pure, containing Alfalfa and	Wisconsin No. 38 1.55
other crop seeds	BUCKWHEAT
MAMMOTH CLOVER	Per 100 lbs.   Japanese 1.90
(Northern Grown)	Silverhull
RAINBO 26.00	FIELD PEAS
	RAINBO, Canadian Field
ALSIKE CLOVER	Mountain, Canadian Field
RAINBO 30.00	Mountain, Green       4.75         RAINBO, Scotch       5.75         RAINBO, Marrowfat       5.00
Mountain	RAINBO, Marrowfat
ALSIKE SPECIALS	SOY BEANS
Contains about 5% White 28.50	RAINBO Manchu Per 100 lbs.
Contains about 8% White 28.00	RAINBO, Manchu 2.80  RAINBO, Illini 2.75  RAINBO, Wisconsin Early Black
Contains about 15% White 26.75	RAINBO, Wisconsin Early Black
WHITE CLOVER	WINTER VETCH
RAINBO	For Spring or Fall Planting. Per 100 lbs. RAINBO
Mountain	AMBER CANE—For Fodder Only
Mixing Qualities 20.00 to 25.00	Per 100 lbs
Wixing Quarties 20.00 to 25.00	RAINBO 6.50
MICA SPAR-GRIT—All Sizes	MILLETS
RAINBO, ton lots	Per 100 lbs. RAINBO, German 5.00
Smaller quantities	RAINBO, German       5.00         RAINBO, Hungarian       5.50         RAINBO, Japanese       5.50         RAINBO, Early Fortune       4.00
	RAINBO, Japanese
BIRD SEED	FLAX
(Full Bags)	Per 100 lbs.
Per Bu.	RAINBO, For Seeding 4.50
Sunflower, Fancy 7.50	DWARF ESSEX RAPE
Sunflower, Choice	RAINBO 4.25
Hemp 4.00	SUDAN GRASS
Bird Rape 5.75	SUDAN GRASS Per 100 lbs.
Large Rape 4.75	RAINBO 12.50
Large White Millet 4.25	REED'S CANARY GRASS
Large Red Williet	RAINBO
Smaller Quantities 50c per 100 lbs. Higher.	KAIIVDO 80.00

# GUARANTEED SEED INOCULATION Gerden Size Pecket for 5 lb. Sweet Peas, Lupines, Gerden Pees, Beens 2 Dozen 15c Lithographed Packets in Display Carton, \$2.00 WHOLESALE PRICES F. O. B. DISTRIBUTOR

#### **AGAR - CULTURES**



Nos. 1 and 2 in one bushel and 21/2 bushel sizes. Nos. 4 and 5 in 2 bushel and 5 bushel

Prices Same as for McQueen's Inoculator.



#### LAWN GRASS MIXTURES

BLUE MOUND LAWN SEED

10-lb. Bags (5 to bundle).....

Shade Grass, bulk.....

1-lb. Cartons (50 to a case)........... 22.00

Bulk 50-lb. and 100-lb. Bags...... 20.00

21.00

35.00



#### RAINBO BRAND **Finest Quality** In Cartons and Bulk

Per 100 lbs.	ODEDNO LED I AWAY CODO
1-lb. (24 and 50 to a case) 30.00	GREENDALE LAWN SEED
i-lb. (9 to a case)	1-lb. Cartons (50 to a case)
-lb. Shade Grass (24 and 50 to a	5-lb. Bags (10 to a bundle)
case)	50-lb. and 100-lb. Bags
5-lb. Shade Grass (9 to a case) 31.50	
	SHAMROCK LAWN SEED
AINBO LAWN SEED—Bulk	100-lb. Sacks
25-lb. Sacks	STAR LAWN SEED
50-lb. Sacks	100-lb, Sacks
00-lb. Sacks	RAINBO BENT GRASS MIXTURE
AINBO SHADE GRASS—Bulk	The finest Bent Grasses blended with other grasses to produce a bent lawn in two seasons.
25-lb. Sacks	Per 100 lbs.
	1-lb. Bags
50·lb. Sacks	5-lb. Bags
00-lb. Sacks	25, 50 or 100-lb. Bags 52.50

Per 100 lbs.

#### WHITE CLOVER SEED RAINBO DISPLAY CARTON RAINBO 48 10c Packages 24 20c Packages ..... 2.25 12 40c Packages 24 10c; 12 20c Packages..... Packed Conveniently for Counter Trade

#### GRASSES

KENTUCKY BLUE GRASS	ORCHARD GRASS
Per 100 lbs  RAINBO	RAINBO 15
CANADIAN BLUE GRASS RAINBO21.00	MEADOW FESCUE
FANCY RED TOP	CHEWINGS FESCUE
RAINBO         16.00           Mountain         15.00           Valley         14.00	
Unhulled	RAINBO
ROUGH STALKED MEADOW GRASS	DOOT SEEDS
RAINBO	
RYE GRASS (Imported)	Per 100  Mammoth Long Red 30
Pacey's       14.00         Perennial       13.00	
American Grown 6.50	RUTABAGA

BENT GRASS (Certified)

Seaside, State Sealed.....

Astoria Bent Grass, State Sealed ..... 95.00

Smaller quantities \$5.00 per 100 lbs. higher.

American Purple Top......

Purple Top Strap Leaf ..

**TURNIP** 



#### PLANTERS' REFERENCE

#### Pounds to Sow Per Acre

KIND	Pounds per Acre p	
Alfalfa, broadcast	18-22	60
Alfalfa, drills	12-15	60
Barley	96-120	48
Beans, Soy, broadcast	60-80	60
Beans, Soy, drills	30-45	60
Beans, Soy, with corn	50-60	60
Blue Grass, Kentucky	25-28	14
Blue Grass, Canada	25-28	14
Buckwheat	45-60	52
Cane, broadcast	50-70	50
Cane, drills	10-15	50
Clover, Alsike	8-12	60
Clover, Medium	10-15	60
Clover, Mammoth	10-15	60
Clover, Sweet hulled	12-15	60
Clover, Sweet unhulled	20-30	30
Clover, White	4-8	60
Corn	8-12	56
Sweet Corn	12	
Fescue, Meadow	15-25	24
Fescue, Chewings	25-28	14
TC1	~ ~	
Flax	28	56
	Donalina	Donanda
	Donalina	Donanda
Lawn Grass	Depending on Conditions	Donanda
Lawn Grass	Donalina	Depends on Quality
Lawn Grass	Depending on Conditions 45.50	Depends on Quality 50
Lawn Grass	Depending on Conditions 45.50 30.40 12.15	Depends on Quality 50 50
Lawn Grass	Depending on Conditions 45.50 30.40 12.15 64.76	Depends on Quality 50 50 30
Lawn Grass  Millets, for hay  Millets, for seed  Millet, Japanese  Oats  Peas, Canada Field—broadcast	Depending on Conditions 45.50 30.40 12.15 64.76 120.150	Depends on Quality 50 50 30 32
Lawn Grass  Millets, for hay  Millets, for seed  Millet, Japanese Oats  Peas, Canada Field—broadcast  Peas, Canada Field—with grain	Depending on Conditions 45.50 30.40 12.15 64.76 120.150 75.90	Depends on Quality 50 50 30 32 60
Lawn Grass  Millets, for hay  Millets, for seed  Millet, Japanese Oats  Peas, Canada Field—broadcast  Peas, Canada Field—with grain  Rape, broadcast  Rape, in drills	Depending on Conditions 45.50 30.40 12.15 64.76 120.150 75.90 8.10 5.6	Depends on Quality 50 50 30 32 60 60
Lawn Grass  Millets, for hay	Depending on Conditions 45.50 30.40 12.15 64.76 120.150 75.90 8.10 5.6 7.12	Depends on Quality 50 50 30 32 60 60 50
Lawn Grass  Millets, for hay Millets, for seed Millet, Japanese Oats  Peas, Canada Field—broadcast Peas, Canada Field—with grain Rape, broadcast Rape, in drills Red Top, Solid seed Red Top, unhulled	Depending on Conditions 45-50 30-40 12-15 64-76 120-150 75-90 8-10 5-6 7-12 10-15	Depends on Quality 50 50 30 32 60 60 50
Lawn Grass  Millets, for hay Millets, for seed Millet, Japanese Oats  Peas, Canada Field—broadcast Peas, Canada Field—with grain Rape, broadcast Rape, in drills Red Top, Solid seed Red Top, unhulled	Depending on Conditions 45-50 30-40 12-15 64-76 120-150 75-90 8-10 5-6 7-12 10-15	Depends on Quality 50 50 30 32 60 60 50 50
Lawn Grass  Millets, for hay Millets, for seed Millet, Japanese Oats  Peas, Canada Field—broadcast Peas, Canada Field—with grain Rape, broadcast Rape, in drills Red Top, Solid seed Red Top, unhulled Rye, Winter	Depending on Conditions 45.50 30.40 12.15 64.76 120.150 75.90 8.10 5.6 7.12 10.15 84.112	Depends on Quality 50 50 30 32 60 60 50 50 14
Lawn Grass  Millets, for hay	Depending on Conditions 45.50 30.40 12.15 64.76 120.150 75.90 8.10 5.6 7.12 10.15 84.112 56.84 62.100	Depends on Quality 50 50 30 32 60 60 50 50 14 14 56
Lawn Grass  Millets, for hay	Depending on Conditions 45.50 30.40 12.15 64.76 120.150 75.90 8.10 5.6 7.12 10.15 84.112 56.84 62.100	Depends on Quality 50 50 30 32 60 60 50 14 14 56 56
Lawn Grass  Millets, for hay Millets, for seed Millet, Japanese Oats  Peas, Canada Field—broadcast Peas, Canada Field—with grain Rape, broadcast Rape, in drills Red Top, Solid seed Red Top, unhulled Rye, Winter Rye, Spring	Depending on Conditions 45.50 30.40 12.15 64.76 120.150 75.90 8.10 5.6 7.12 10.15 84.112 56.84 62.100 30.40	Depends on Quality 50 50 30 32 60 60 50 14 14 56 56 48
Lawn Grass  Millets, for hay  Millets, for seed  Millet, Japanese Oats  Peas, Canada Field—broadcast  Peas, Canada Field—with grain  Rape, broadcast  Rape, in drills  Red Top, Solid seed  Red Top, unhulled  Rye, Winter  Rye, Spring  Speltz  Sudan Grass, broadcast	Depending on Conditions 45-50 30-40 12-15 64-76 120-150 75-90 8-10 5-6 7-12 10-15 84-112 56-84 62-100 30-40 15-25	Depends on Quality 50 50 30 32 60 60 50 50 14 14 56 56 48 50
Lawn Grass  Millets, for hay	Depending on Conditions 45-50 30-40 12-15 64-76 120-150 75-90 8-10 5-6 7-12 10-15 84-112 56-84 62-100 30-40 15-25 8-10 10-12	Depends on Quality 50 50 30 32 60 60 50 50 14 14 56 56 48 50 50
Lawn Grass  Millets, for hay	Depending on Conditions 45-50 30-40 12-15 64-76 120-150 75-90 8-10 5-6 7-12 10-15 84-112 56-84 62-100 30-40 15-25 8-10 10-12 8-10	Depends on Quality 50 50 30 32 60 60 50 50 14 14 56 56 48 50 50 24
Millets, for hay	Depending on Conditions 45.50 30.40 12.15 64.76 120.150 75.90 8.10 5.6 7.12 10.15 84.112 56.84 62.100 30.40 15.25 8.10 10.12 8.10 50.125	Depends on Quality 50 50 30 32 60 60 50 50 14 14 56 56 48 50 50 24 45
Lawn Grass  Millets, for hay	Depending on Conditions 45.50 30.40 12.15 64.76 120.150 75.90 8.10 5.6 7.12 10.15 84.112 56.84 62.100 30.40 15.25 8.10 10.12 8.10 50.125	Depends on Quality 50 50 30 32 60 60 50 50 14 14 56 56 48 50 50 24 45 45



# SPECIAL LOTS

### FOR SHIPMENT ON OR **BEFORE**

March 15, 1935

#### RED CLOVER SEED MIXTURE

Lot "ELM"

90% Pure Red Clover, Balance Other Crop Seeds.

\$19.85 PER 100 LBS.

#### WISCONSIN GROWN **ALFALFA**

Lot "DRAKE"

Pure Alfalfa93.40%
Other Crops 5.88%
Weeds
Inert
Germination91.00%

PACKED IN 60 LB. BAGS, BAGS FREE. U. S. VERIFIED ORIGIN.

\$28.50 PER 100 LBS.

#### F. O. B. MILWAUKEE

Both Lots Meet Requirements Wisconsin Pure Seed Law.

SAMPLES UPON REQUEST



# Veru DEALER SHOULD KNOW

the

FACTS

#### SEED INOCULATION FACTS

THE use of Commercial Seed Inoculation by farmers and gardeners has become a common practice in recent years. Growers of farm and garden Legumes have learned that Inoculation is inexpensive, easy to use and usually very effective in results.

Agricultural authorities recommend it, and practically every seed merchant today sells commercial Seed Inoculation in some form. At times during the past few years, articles have appeared and claims have been made concerning the advantages of certain types or brands of these Commercial Cultures.

Some of these claims are meritorious and well founded, yet none of them have brought out the really important things in a Commercial Inoculant. Seedsmen and the general public may be confused about these various claims and we believe you will be interested in the following information and FACTS.

#### PREPARING COMMERCIAL INOCULANTS

THERE are a number of different methods in use for preparing Commercial Seed Inoculation Cultures artifically. Most of these are relatively simple. However, extreme care must be used to prevent contamination, and keep the strains true to type. With proper isolation, temperature conditions, the use of special foods, etc., a small number of nitrogen fixing organisms can be made to multiply and grow to enormous numbers—Millions—Billions—Trillions—Quadrillions—in a comparatively short time.

Cultures prepared in this manner give satisfactory results when proper precautions are observed in their use. But if this multiplying or incubating process is not carried out under extremely careful supervision, contamination by bacteria or molds may develop to interfere later with the sale and use of the Culture.

Original strains of organisms may also die out, or become ineffective. It is then necessary to prepare new strains of Mother Culture.

A mother culture is one that is produced from actual root nodules taken from the roots of well inoculated legumes.

#### "COMMON CARRIERS"

EAT, Muck, Humus, Charcoal, Fuller's Earth, Agar-Agar, etc., are some of the "carriers" used in preparing cultures artificially.

Inoculating organisms, usually in liquid form, are placed in or on the "carrier" material. This liquid may contain enormous numbers of the organisms in suspension, or may contain only a small number of them, which by contact with the food materials in the containers, may grow and multiply to large numbers. Commercial Inoculants prepared in the above manner are perishable.

#### DATING CULTURES

COMMERCIAL concerns usually place a date on their containers, stating the length of time in which the cultures may be of use, or when prepared. Some of these cultures are at their highest efficiency for only a short period. Others may continue to grow and multiply at a rapid rate in the container until their food supply is used up and then die off because of lack of food.

The large amounts of liquid used in the preparation of some cultures favor the growth of certain types of molds, which may be present in the "carriers" used. This high percentage of moisture, to allow for uncontrolled drying out in the "carrier" while on the dealers' shelves, may not allow the organisms to remain at their highest efficiency for an entire season. Thus, conditions for deterioration and spoilage are present.

Seedsmen should occasionally examine samples of stock cultures. Molds and other fungi may have developed. Whether the presence of molds in the "carrier" is harmful or not, is beside the point.

Ordinarily the customer associates molds with spoilage and this alone may make the culture unsalable. When this condition exists, the culture should be withdrawn from sale and returned to the manufacturer.

It should therefore be noted that the "Method of Preparation", "Selection of Strains", "Carrier", and even the "Containers" themselves have a very close relation to the period of effectiveness of the culture.

#### PREPARING McQUEEN'S INOCULATOR

EVERY step in the preparation of McQueen cultures is under the strict supervision of a competent bacteriologist.

All McQueen Cultures are grown from select root nodules taken from plants produced by the very finest Legume Seeds.

The McQueen Laboratory and Greenhouse are not used exclusively for producing cultures, but are also used for control, checking, testing, research and development.

Careful SELECTION of the proper type of nodules has been a common practice in McQueen Trial Grounds for many years.

Tap Root (Type A) nodules were being selected by McQueens long before their importance was generally recognized. Quality in an Inoculant can be as pronounced as quality in seeds.

McQueen's select strains have this uniform quality and efficiency because they are produced by a highly developed exclusive process which has been used successfully for over twenty-five years. This process is used in addition to the more generally known laboratory method.

McQueens have long known that a few organisms of a select strain are more efficient as an Inoculant than greater numbers of inferior strains, yet we concentrate these select strains just as densely as inferior strains can be concentrated.

#### THE McQUEEN "CARRIER"

THE McQueen "Carrier" is distinctly different from that in general use. It is a clean, brown colored preparation that does not soil hands or clothing when using. Does not contain soot, muck, lampblack, charcoal or other disagreeable coloring matter.

McQueen's does contain colloidal clay, which is a natural environment for nitrogen-fixing organisms, and keeps them at their highest efficiency without additional excess amounts of liquids, special foods, or chemicals that may cause trouble later on.

Another outstanding advantage of the McQueen "carrier" is its ability to hold moisture uniformly over a greater period of time. McQueen's Inoculator may feel dry, but it contains more hygroscopic moisture than is apparent to the touch.

In "processing" McQueen's Inoculator, excess moisture is slowly removed as the organisms are being concentrated, under controlled conditions. No additional moisture is added later, as the correct amount necessary is determined while the "processing" is being completed.

The finished McQueen "carrier" therefore contains sufficient moisture to support the organisms, but no excess moisture to develop mold growth. McQueen's Inoculator does not mold, spoil or dry out prematurely, if stored under favorable seed storage conditions.

#### THE McQUEEN CONTAINER

SINCE practically all "humus" type Cultures are sold in fibre containers, too much moisture may cause not only the above difficulties, but may also cause the container to "break down" and damage easily.

Radical changes of environment while displayed for sale should be avoided. McQueen Cultures do not change, or "dry down" rapidly from a high to a low moisture content after they reach the dealers' hands.

It is important to hold the moisture content of Seed Inoculation Cultures at a nearly constant level, therefore McQueens use an improved type of container (can) which is "insulated" both inside and outside, to insure holding moisture uniformly under average conditions. This advanced type can has been especially designed to meet the rigid specifications of the McQueen Research Department.

All McQueen Cultures are guaranteed to give satisfactory results, or are replaced free of charge. In addition, they also carry an expiration date of sufficient duration to allow Seedsmen to sell them, without the necessity and expense of returning or exchanging them at too frequent intervals.

McQueen's method of preparation — selection of strains—moisture holding "carrier"—and "insulated can" are all very desirable and important features of McQueen's Inoculator. These time tested features enable us to conscientiously solicit your Inoculator business and give your customers a high grade Guaranteed Product.

YOU CAN INCREASE YOUR PROFITS AND REDUCE "RETURNS". CASH IN ON THESE FACTS.

# KELLOGG SEED COMPANY

# Milwaukee

BE ASSORTED

NS IN CASES

Baltic, BACTERIA CO., Ohio. THE MCQUEEN Unsold McQueen's Inoculator must be returned (prepaid) at end of expiration date shown on package. All credits issued for exchanged goods, at current prices, do not in any way affect unpaid balances. Such credits may only be used to apply on subsequent purchases of McQueen's Inoculator, on subsequent purchases of McQueen's Inoculator. EXCHVICE BEILIFEER

APANY OR	ORDER		S'C
, Wisconsin		F4	MAY
Please send us McQueen's Inoculator as checked below. Do not sub. Ship by $\square$ Parcel Post, $\square$ Express, $\square$ Freight $^{\circ}$ ! Enclosed is cl	ator as checked	below. Do no	ot sub
N CASE MAY BE ASSORTED	Small Size	Stand Size (24 to case)	12 12
FOR SMALL SEEDS Sweet Clover; Alfalfa; Bur;Sour Clover	% pu.	. 1 bu.	-
Red, Alsike, Crimson, Mammoth, White Clover			
LESPEDEZA SPECIAL Sericea, Korean, Harbin, Kobe, Common, Tenn. 76	30 lb.	60 lb.	H
FOR LARGE SEEDS Vetches; Field, Garden, Austrian Winter Peas	1 bu.	2 bu.	
Cow Peas; Lima, Velvet Beans; Peanuts			
SOY BEANS			
5c GARDEN SIZE PACKET for 5 lbs. Sweet Peas, Lupines, Garden, 24 packets in neat counter display, \$2.00. Send	5 lbs. Sweet Pedisplay, \$2.00.	as, Lupines. G	arden
une		Buyer	•
		State	

bu.

<u>1</u>p.

Peas and



The Convenient Shipping Case Orignated by McQueen's. One size shipping case for all size cans and packets. Contents plainly marked on outside.

#### CANS IN CASES MAY BE ASSORTED

ONE standard can equals TWO small size cans in case.

ONE super size can equals TWO large size cans

in case.

For instance, TWELVE small cans and EIGH-TEEN standard cans make a case. SIX large and THREE super size cans make a case.

EXAMPLE: TWELVE small cans may be assorted as follows: SIX small No. 1 culture, TWO small No. 2 culture, Two small No. 3 culture and Two small No. 6 culture. This would leave EIGHTEEN standard cans which might be assorted as follows: EIGHT standard No. 1 culture, FOUR standard No. 2 culture and SIX standard No. 6 culture.

The above examples show you how to have a complete line of McQueen cultures (used in your

locality), without a large investment.





For SWEET CLOVER, ALFALFA, (No. 1), COMMON CLOVERS, (No. 2)

Size				1	WHOLESALE PRICES			
1/2	Bu.	\$ .35	can	(48	to	case)	\$ .20	
1	"	.50	"	(24	"	")	.30	
21/2	"	1.00	"	(12	"	")	.60	
5	"	1.75	"	(6	"	")	1.10	

#### For LESPEDEZA, Unhulled, (No. 3)

30 Lb. Size 60 Lb. Size 150 Lb. Size 300 Lb. Size \$ .20 \$ .30 \$ .60 \$1.10

For SOY BEANS (No. 6), COW PEAS (No. 5), VETCH, FIELD, AUSTRIAN PEAS (No. 4)

Size		Retails			WHOLESALE PRICES		
1	Bu.	\$ .35	can	(48	to	case)	\$ .20
2	**	.50	22	(24	"	")	.30
5	"	1.00	29	(12	"	")	.60
10	"	1.75	"	(6	"	" )	1.10

GARDEN SIZE PACKET For 5 Lb. SWEET PEAS, LUPINES, GARDEN PEAS and BEANS

24-15c Pkts. in Display Carton, \$2.00

Wholesale Prices f. o. b. Baltic, O., or Distributor

#### NOTE SPECIAL PRICES

Due to greatly increased sales we are able to quote lower prices which allow you a profit of approximately 40%. There is no excuse to substitute for this fast selling guaranteed item.

Use Handy Order Form

OVER A QUARTER CENTURY OF PROGRESS

1908 THE MCQUEEN BACTERIA CO. 1935



John tells Sam how he makes more money on WHEAT, OATS and BARLEY

# "WHAT DID THAT FIELD OF OATS MAKE, JOHN?"



"Well, Sam, it made 2080 bushels! If my figuring is right, that's just 52 bushels per acre."

"Fifty-two bushels, hey? That's a mighty good yield of oats for a year like this. It hustled mine to make 40 bushels."

"Is that so? What variety are they—Gophers?"

"Sure—same as yours. My land will grow just as much corn as yours, but when it comes to wheat, oats, or barley, you always get more than I do. I just can't figure it out."

"Well, I don't know either, Sam. Did you clean your

seed?"

"Sure, always do that. It pays to plant good seed instead of light, chaffy stuff."  $\,$ 

"How about treating? What did you treat with?"

"I didn't treat them at all. There wasn't much smut last year and I just figured that was one way I could cut expenses."

"Sam, I think you're wrong there, and I'll bet that's one reason why my yield was 52 bushels while yours was only 40."

"Well, there might be something to that. What did you treat with?"

"Why, I used this New Improved Ceresan that they're selling at the Corner Store. It costs less than 2 cents a bushel and that means only a nickel an acre for oats. I'd give a nickel any time to increase my yield of oats 5 to 10 bushels per acre, wouldn't you?"

"Course, anybody would, but how do you know New

Improved Ceresan did increase your yield?'

"Because I've seen several tests and I've talked to the men at the State College. Treating the seed with New Improved Ceresan often increases the yield 10 to 20 per cent. And, besides that, I've planted treated and untreated seed side by side right on my own farm. I did that last year over on that northwest forty and I could see the difference in the stand just by walking through it."

"That sounds pretty good, but how do you put that

dust on the seed-isn't that a lot of trouble?'

"No, no trouble at all. I have one of those rotary seed treaters the college recommends, but you can put it on with

a scoop shovel just as well. It's best to let the treated seed stand 24 hours before sowing. That kills the smut."

"That reminds me, I did have some smut in my oats this We noticed it when we threshed. Is this New Improved Ceresan pretty good to hold down the smut?"

"It sure is, Sam. That's why so many certified seed growers and seed dealers treat all their seed oats, wheat, and barley with it. They can't afford to have even a little smut show up.'

"Well, I don't grow any barley, but I grow 80 acres of wheat every year. I do treat that for smut but I hate the job-makes me about half sick, breathing so much dust."

"That's where New Improved Ceresan shines. Of course, if you apply it with a scoop shovel, you're bound to stir up a little dust, but if you use a seed treater, there isn't any dust in the air."

"There isn't? Why not? When I open my seed treater to dump the wheat, there's an awful cloud of dust comes out."

"Sure, that's because you use 2 to 4 ounces of dust per bushel. With New Improved Ceresan you use only half an ounce, and it's made so it will stick to the seed where you want it instead of flying around in the air where you don't want it. You see each can has a measuring spoon which holds just enough dust for a bushel of grain. Just two cents worth—that's all it takes for a bushel of wheat, oats, or barley."



New Improved Ceresan gave one farmer this increased yield of 6.9 bushels of wheat per aere

"Say, I got to go; it's most chore time. That New Improved Ceresan sounds good to me. Guess it made you

some money this year, didn't it?"

"You bet it did! It cost me only \$2.00 to treat all the seed for that 40 acres of oats. And then I treated the seed for my 40 acres of wheat—that cost just a trifle over \$1.00. I figure that little \$3.00 investment made me a good many extra dollars and I sure know what to do with them, Sam."

"Yes, I would, too, if I had 'em. Where did you say I

could buy that New Improved Ceresan?"

"I got mine at the Corner Store in town."

"That's all I want to know, John, thanks."

# HERE'S WHY JOHN USES New Improved CERESAN

New Improved Ceresan generally controls stinking smut or bunt of wheat; covered smut, black loose smut and stripe of barley; and loose and covered smuts of oats. One treatment for all three grains.

New Improved Ceresan is inexpensive, costing only  $1\frac{7}{8}$  to  $2\frac{1}{3}$  cents per bushel of seed. At current prices, it is the

lowest cost dust disinfectant on the market.

New Improved Ceresan has many other advantages. It is a dust treatment—no wet, swollen grain to handle. When applied by the rotary treater method, there is no disagreeable dust in the air to be breathed. Rub a little of the dust between the thumb and finger and you will understand from its smoothness why it does not reduce the planting rate. And for the same reason it can't cake or clog in the drill or cause excessive wear or drill breakage. In the absence of a regular seed treater, it can be applied with a scoop shovel. The measuring spoon in each can helps to avoid guesswork and wastage of the dust.

New Improved Ceresan usually improves the stand and yield of grains. The results of numerous carefully conducted tests under actual farm conditions, many of them made under the observation and supervision of, or, in cooperation with Federal and State Agricultural Experi-

ment Stations, have proved this.

For example, New Improved Ceresan increased the average stand of oats over untreated seed by 10.7 per cent in tests conducted on eleven Illinois farms in 1933. Twenty-six lots of seed oats selected at random and planted in 1934 in Illinois, Minnesota and North Dakota gave 10.5 per cent better stand when treated with New Improved Ceresan.

Do You Grow Barley? In 6 Illinois tests in 1933 New Improved Ceresan increased the stand 11.7 per cent, and in twelve Minnesota and North Dakota tests in 1934 the improvement in stand was 6.7 per cent, which is an excellent increase for a drought year.

Wheat, Too! Minnesota and North Dakota tests with 14 lots of seed wheat in 1933 showed that New Improved Ceresan had increased the stand by 6.4 per cent, and for

13 lots in 1934 the increase was 7.7 per cent.

What About Your Seed? The seed used in all these tests was good average seed secured from representative farms. The stand results given above and the yield figures on the next page illustrate what New Improved Ceresan will do to insure your grain profits.



# TESTS PROVE IT PAYS.

Even though your seed is smut-free, it will pay you to treat it with *New Improved* Ceresan to control other seedborne disease organisms. The results of nearly 150 farm tests in a dozen states have proved this!

#### 3.2 Bushels of Oats for 5 Cents

Eighteen tests conducted in Illinois, Kansas, North Dakota and South Dakota in 1932 and 1933 showed that *New Improved* Ceresan had increased the yield of oats over untreated seed by nearly 4 bushels per acre or about 11 per cent.

In 1934 New Improved Ceresan used in 47 tests in Georgia, Illinois, Kansas, Minnesota, Nebraska, North Carolina and North Dakota increased the yield nearly 3 bushels per acre or almost 21 per cent. Thus in 65 tests over a three-year period New Improved Ceresan treated seed oats have outyielded untreated seed by 3.2 bushels an acre or over 18 per cent.

Smut control plus over 3 extra bushels of oats per acre! And at a cost of about 5 cents! How much extra would that add to your next oats crop profits?

#### **Barley Yield Increased 6 Per Cent**

Thirty tests on barley during 1932, 1933 and 1934 in Illinois, Kansas, Minnesota, Nebraska and North Dakota showed that *New Improved* Ceresan increased the yield over untreated seed by nearly 6 per cent.

To control barley covered smut, black loose smut, stripe and seedling blight, U. S. Dept. of Agriculture in Misc. Publication No. 199 recommends, among other products, ethyl mercury phosphate dust, which is the chemical name for New Improved Ceresan.

#### Get Your Extra Bushels of Wheat!

Tests on winter wheat in Georgia and Kansas, as well as spring wheat in Minnesota, North Dakota and South Dakota—38 tests in all—prove that New Improved Ceresan increases the yield even from apparently smut-free or clean seed. The average increase in yield was more than a bushel per acre or nearly 6 per cent.

How many extra bushels and dollars would that add to your wheat crop? And it takes only 3 cents worth of New Improved Ceresan per acre to do it. That's why we say: "New Improved Ceresan does more than control smut. It also frequently increases the yield."

Don't try to outguess the smut. Clean or smutty—treat your seed with New Improved Ceresan. If the seed is smutty, the treatment usually will control the smut and increase the yield, too. If the seed is clean, New Improved Ceresan will often increase the yield anyway. There's nothing to be gained by guessing; play safe with New Improved Ceresan.

#### One-Half Ounce Treats a Bushel

Only one-half ounce of New Improved Ceresan is needed to treat a bushel of seed. New Improved Ceresan is quiekly and easily applied as a dust by means of a rotary seed treater or by the shovel method. After treating, the seed should be stored in a pile or sacks for 24 hours before planting.



#### **PRICES**

New Improved CERESAN for WHEAT, OATS, BARLEY

One-half ounce treats one bushel

The Postal Regulations have been amended so that the Du Bay Seed Disinfectants can now be mailed. These products are poisonous and the instructions and precautions printed on all package labels should be observed.

#### **Other Du Bay Seed Disinfectants**

New Improved Semesan Jr. for Field and Sweet Corn New Improved Semesan Bel for White and Sweet Potatoes Semesan for Vegetable and Flower Seeds and Bulbs 2% Ceresan for Cotton, Flax, Peas, Sorghums, Narcissus

#### BAYER-SEMESAN COMPANY, INC.

**Du Pont Building** 

Wilmington, Delaware

for Sale by

